

(1) Please solve the following equation:

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dx}{dt} + 3x = 65\sin(\omega t)$$

Given  $\omega = 2$  and

$$\text{at } t = 0: x = 0; \frac{dx}{dt} = 2$$

(2) Consider the following equation

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = 128$$

where

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

This equation represents an ellipse on the  $(x_1, x_2)$  plane, with the origin as its center.

[a] Find the points on the ellipse which are the farthest and closest from the origin of the plane.

[b] Design an ellipse, with the origin as the center, whose *farthest* points from the origin are the same as the *closest* points in [a]. Represent this ellipse in terms of  $(x_1, x_2)$ .

(Hint: consider the geometric interpretation of the eigenvalues of a matrix)

(3) Let  $f(x) = |x|$  be defined on  $[-\pi, \pi]$ . Its Fourier series may be written as

$$f(x) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} f_N(x)$$

where

$$f_N(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

(a) Find all the coefficients  $a_0$ ,  $a_n$  and  $b_n$ .

(b) For very large  $N$ , investigate the behavior of the least square error

$$\sigma_N = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} [f(x) - f_N(x)]^2 dx$$

Hint: you may need to know that for very large  $N$

$$\sum_{n=2N+1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4} \approx \int_N^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(2x-1)^4}$$

(4) A temperature sensor travels on a helical path through a temperature field  $T(x, y, z)$ . The helical path is given by the position vector

$$\underline{R}(t) = x(t)\underline{i} + y(t)\underline{j} + z(t)\underline{k} = \cos(t)\underline{i} + \sin(t)\underline{j} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{7}t\underline{k}, \quad t \geq 0,$$

where  $t$  is time. The temperature recorded by the sensor varies with the arclength  $s$  of the helix as  $T = T_0 + \Delta T \sin(s)$ , where  $T_0$  and  $\Delta T$  are constants.

- a) Determine the vector velocity of the sensor.
- b) Determine the material derivative of the temperature following the sensor.
- c) If  $\nabla T \times \underline{k} = 0$ , find the functional form of  $T(x, y, z)$ .
- d) What is the wavelength of the temperature variation in the  $z$ -direction?